

Class - VI Sub:- Language
Chapter - 4 (NOUNS)

1. Nouns :- Nouns are the names of people, things, substances, places, ideas and feelings.

Ex - a) Alisha likes to eat biscuits.

2. Proper Nouns :- Proper nouns are the names of specific people, places or institutions. The names of the days of the week, months and festivals are also proper nouns. Proper nouns begin with a capital letter. They do not take articles before them, and they usually do not have plurals.

Ex - a) Munshi Premchand was a great writer.

3. Common nouns :- A common noun is the common name of all the things in a class. They do not refer to particular people, places or things.

Ex - Confectioner sells sweets and pastries.

Countable and Uncountable Nouns:-

a) Countable nouns:- Some nouns refer to entities that we can count. Such nouns are called Countable nouns. They have singular and plural forms. They can be preceded by number and quantity words.
Ex - I have some apples in my bag.

(b) Uncountable Nouns:- Some nouns refer to entities that we can not count. Such nouns are called uncountable nouns. They do not have a plural form and cannot be used with number words.
Ex - Sahana likes to drink milk.

Concrete Nouns and Abstract Nouns:-

(c) Concrete Nouns:- Concrete nouns are the names of physical phenomena which can be observed with the senses. They can be either countable or uncountable.
Ex - The children took part in the debate.

(d) Abstract Nouns:- Abstract nouns are the names of phenomena that are not physical and that we can only think about and not observe with the senses.
Ex - Honesty is the best policy.

Home Assignment:- If learn all the definitions.